

## UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Addiese: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P O Box 1430 Alexandra, Virginia 22313-1450 www.wepto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/743,313	12/23/2003	Hye-won Yang	Q79032	5574	
23373 SUGHRUE M	7590 11/04/200 ION PLLC	EXAM	EXAMINER		
2100 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, N.W.			THERIAULT, STEVEN B		
SUITE 800 WASHINGTO	N. DC 20037	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
	. ,	2179			
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			11/04/2008	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

## Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/743,313	YANG, HYE-WON				
	Examiner	Art Unit				
	STEVEN B. THERIAULT	2179				

	STEVEN B. THERIAULT	2179						
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence add	ress					
THE REPLY FILED 20 October 2008 FAILS TO PLACE THIS A	APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR	R ALLOWANCE.						
☑ The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on the same day as filing a Notice of Appeal. To avoid abandonment of thi application, applicant must timely file one of the following replies: (1) an amendment, affidavt, or other evidence, which places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in compliance with 37 CFR 4.31; or (3) a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply must be filed within one of the following time periods:								
a) The period for reply expires	dvisory Action, or (2) the date set forth ater than SIX MONTHS from the mailing b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE	date of the final rejection	n.					
MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f).  Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.136(a) and the appropriate extension fee have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension and the corresponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extension fee under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final offlice action: or (2) at set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of the final rejection, even if timely filed, may reduce any searned patient term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  NOTICE OF APPEAL								
2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in compliance with 37 CFR 41.37 must be filed within two months of the date of filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any extension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(a)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal. Since Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed within the time period set forth in 37 CFR 41.37(a).								
<u>AMENDMENTS</u>								
The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, it     (a) ☐ They raise new issues that would require further cor     (b) ☐ They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE belo     (c) ☐ They are not deemed to place the application in bet	nsideration and/or search (see NOT w);	E below);						
appeal; and/or  (d) They present additional claims without canceling a control NOTE:	corresponding number of finally reje	ected claims.						
<ul> <li>4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121. See attached Notice of Non-Compliant Amendment (PTOL-324 5.</li> <li>5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):</li> <li>6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s):</li> <li>mould be allowable if submitted in a separate, timely filed amendment cancelin</li> </ul>								
non-allowable claim(s).  To proproses of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is prov. The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:  Claim(s) allowed:  Claim(s) objected to:  Claim(s) rejected:		be entered and an e	xplanation of					
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE								
8. The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, bu because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).								
<ol> <li>The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to o showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary</li> </ol>	vercome <u>all</u> rejections under appear and was not earlier presented. Se	and/or appellant fail ee 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1	s to provide a					
10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation	n of the status of the claims after er	ntry is below or attach	ed.					
REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER  11. ☑ The request for reconsideration has been considered bu See Continuation Sheet.	t does NOT place the application in	condition for allowan	ce because:					
12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)  13. Other:								
	/Steven B Theriault/ Patent Examiner Art Unit: 2179							

Continuation of 11, does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: The applicant's request for reconsideration has been carefully reviewed and is not persuasive for the following reasons: The examiner refers to MPEP 2123 that states that an entire reference cited is considered relevant to the rejection and not just the cited sections. Meaning a reference to specific paragraphs, columns, pages, or figures in a cited prior art reference is not limited to preferred embodiments or any specific examples. It is well settled that a prior art reference, in its entirety, must be considered for all that it expressly teaches and fairly suggests to one having ordinary skill in the art. Stated differently, a prior art disclosure reading on a limitation of Applicant's claim cannot be ignored on the ground that other embodiments disclosed were instead cited. Therefore, the Examiner's citation to a specific portion of a single prior art reference is not intended to exclusively dictate, but rather, to demonstrate an exemplary disclosure commensurate with the specific limitations being addressed. In regard to claim 1, the applicant's arguments state the Kodimer in view of Goldstein do not teach or suggest that the claimed clipboard unit displays data, including a plurality of items stored in the multi-clipboard. Further applicants second argument appears to assert the examiner confuses the teachings of Kodimer because it appears that the clipboard relied upon by the examiner cannot be both a multiclipboard and a basic clipboard. In this case addressing the first argument, the examiner's reasoning is based on a broad interpretation of the phrase "data" as represented in the claims. The applicant has cited the correct section as to what Kodimer states the use of indicators to indicate the kind of data in the clipboard. Column 7, lines 60-67 state the indicators can be text, to which a possible scenario in Kodimer is that the buffer contains text and the actual text can be displayed. Alternatively, the use of thumbnails can show a depiction of what is in the buffer. In both scenarios, the data when broadly construed will be shown. In the second argument, the Examiner responds with the following scenario: Using figure 6d and 8b a scenario or interpretation of the cut/copy command and the paste command in the claim is two separate commands because the claim states the user selects paste and copy/cut at different times. Therefore, using the figures as an example and the stated teaching in Kodimer that a new buffer is allocated automatically (See column 5, lines 39-50), where the application 2 has has only one. The user can select application two and cut/copy from the first slot of the clipboard for application two. The system will then allocate an unused or basic buffer to application two and the user can modify what is shown on the screen into the unused second spot that is automatically allocated by the system and pasted into the second slot when the user indicates the second command. The outcome would be the latest copy would be stored in the new basic clipboard that would then become a part of the multiclipboard. Alternative scenarios can exist where the second application does not have any data pasted to the clipboard as of yet, then the user copies from one application and indicates the information is to be posted to another. The system would have a basic slot for the application without clipboard data. Then upon the command data would first be stored in the basic, automatically generated buffer slot. The clipboard at this state would include just one slot and would not be considered a multi-clipboard as of yet. Then the user can select a second piece of data to copy to the application with one slot. The system automatically generates new slot, the second data could then be copied to the second slot and the user can designate the information be assigned to the slot. The already stored information in a slot would then be considered the other data and the latest data is now stored in the clipboard. The assignment to the clipboard and second slot makes the clipboard a multi-clipboard. Further examples, could use three or four applications to accomplish the same goal. The key here is that one interpretation of the claim allows for separate commands to execute the paste by the user. Perhaps applicant can further differentiate both the commands and the interface of figure 7&8 from the prior art to forward prosecution. .